Recombinant RM49 protein (His tag)

Catalog Number	536635
Synonyms	39S ribosomal protein L49, mitochondrial; L49mt; MRP-L49
Species	Drosophila melanogaster
Expression System	E. coli
Accession	Q9VYI3
Gene ID	32242
Molecular Weight	Predictes a molecular mass of 22.31 kDa. In SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, it migrates as an approximately 22 kDa band.

Product Information

Sequence Region	1-179
Form	Lyophilized powder
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
Purity	>85%, by SDS-PAGE with Coomassie Brilliant Blue staining.
Endotoxin	Not tested.
Activity	Not tested.
Stability	Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70℃
Protein Construction	DNA encoding 1-179 aa (Q9VYI3) were fused with 6His tag.

Storage & Handling

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.25 µg/µl in sterile water for short-term storage. Reconstitution with 50% glycerol solution is recommended for longer term storage (see Stability and Storage for more details). If a different concentration is needed for your purposes please adjust the reconstitution volume as required (please note: the ion concentration of the final solution will vary according to the volume used). Note: Centrifuge vial before opening. When reconstituting, gently pipet and wash down the sides of the vial to ensure full recovery of the protein into solution.
Storage	Store it under sterile conditions at -20℃ to -80℃. It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	In general, recombinant proteins are provided as lyophilized powder which are shipped at ambient temperature. Bulk packages of recombinant proteins are provided as frozen liquid. They are shipped out with blue ice unless customers require otherwise.

Description

Description	Recombinant Drosophila melanogaster Large ribosomal subunit protein mL49 (39S ribosomal protein L49, mitochondrial) fragment (residues 1-179). This high-quality recombinant protein represents a stable and soluble unit of the mitochondrial ribosomal protein, ideal for structural biology studies and functional characterization of mitochondrial ribosome components. The full-length Large ribosomal subunit protein mL49 (also known as 39S ribosomal protein L49, mitochondrial or MRP-L49) is a mitochondrial protein localized to the mitochondrion, as confirmed by UniProtKB annotation. As a component of the mitochondrial ribosome, this protein plays a crucial role in mitochondrial protein synthesis, which is essential for oxidative phosphorylation and cellular energy production. Mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are fundamental to maintaining mitochondrial function and cellular metabolism, making them important targets for research in mitochondrial biology, energy metabolism, and related disorders.