Recombinant RM54 protein (His tag)

Catalog Number	550651
Synonyms	39S ribosomal protein L54, mitochondrial; L54mt; MRP-L54
Species	Human
Expression System	E. coli
Accession	Q6P161
Molecular Weight	Predictes a molecular mass of 13.99 kDa. In SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, it migrates as an approximately 15 kDa band.

Product Information

Sequence Region	33-138
Form	Lyophilized powder
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
Purity	>86%, by SDS-PAGE with Coomassie Brilliant Blue staining.
Endotoxin	Not tested.
Activity	Not tested.
Stability	Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70℃
Protein Construction	DNA encoding 33-138 aa (Q6P161) were fused with 6His tag.

Storage & Handling

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.25 μg/μl in sterile water for short-term storage. Reconstitution with 50% glycerol solution is recommended for longer term storage (see Stability and Storage for more details). If a different concentration is needed for your purposes please adjust the reconstitution volume as required (please note: the ion concentration of the final solution will vary according to the volume used). Note: Centrifuge vial before opening. When reconstituting, gently pipet and wash down the sides of the vial to ensure full recovery of the protein into solution.
Storage	Store it under sterile conditions at -20℃ to -80℃. It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	In general, recombinant proteins are provided as lyophilized powder which are shipped at ambient temperature. Bulk packages of recombinant proteins are provided as frozen liquid. They are shipped out with blue ice unless customers require otherwise.

Description

Description	Recombinant Human Large Ribosomal Subunit Protein mL54 (Fragment 33-138) is a high-purity, stable protein fragment designed for structural and biochemical studies. This 106-amino acid fragment, derived from the mitochondrial 39S ribosomal protein L54 (MRP-L54), offers an optimal soluble unit for investigating mitochondrial ribosome assembly and function. The full-length Large Ribosomal Subunit Protein mL54 (encoded by the MRPL54 gene) is a mitochondrial protein localized to the mitochondrion, as supported by experimental evidence. As a component of the 39S mitochondrial ribosomal subunit, it plays a critical role in mitochondrial protein synthesis, which is essential for oxidative phosphorylation and cellular energy production. Mitochondrial ribosomal proteins like MRPL54 are vital for maintaining mitochondrial function and have implications in metabolic disorders and mitochondrial diseases.