Recombinant FA72C protein (His tag)

Catalog Number	551497
Species	Human
Expression System	E. coli
Accession	H0Y354
Molecular Weight	Predictes a molecular mass of 18.38 kDa. In SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, it migrates as an approximately 18 kDa band.

Product Information

Sequence Region	1-149
Form	Lyophilized powder
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
Purity	>90%, by SDS-PAGE with Coomassie Brilliant Blue staining.
Endotoxin	Not tested.
Activity	Not tested.
Stability	Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70℃
Protein Construction	DNA encoding 1-149 aa (H0Y354) were fused with 6His tag.

Storage & Handling

Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 0.25 μg/μl in sterile water for short-term storage. Reconstitution with 50% glycerol solution is recommended for longer term storage (see Stability and Storage for more details). If a different concentration is needed for your purposes please adjust the reconstitution volume as required (please note: the ion concentration of the final solution will vary according to the volume used). Note: Centrifuge vial before opening. When reconstituting, gently pipet and wash down the sides of the vial to ensure full recovery of the protein into solution.
Storage	Store it under sterile conditions at -20℃ to -80℃. It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	In general, recombinant proteins are provided as lyophilized powder which are shipped at ambient temperature. Bulk packages of recombinant proteins are provided as frozen liquid. They are shipped out with blue ice unless customers require otherwise.

Description

Description	This product is a high-purity recombinant protein fragment of human Protein FAM72C (FAM72C), encompassing amino acids 1-149. The fragment was computationally designed for optimal stability and solubility, making it an ideal reagent for structural biology studies and biochemical characterization. Protein FAM72C is encoded by the FAM72C gene in Homo sapiens. As specific functional data and subcellular localization information for the full-length protein are not yet fully characterized in the provided data, this recombinant fragment offers a valuable tool for researchers aiming to investigate the protein's structure, interactions, and biochemical properties to elucidate its biological role.